

# ENSHRINED

## 800,000 Mourners on Funeral Route



AT THE FINAL RESTING PLACE -Mourning widow is flanked by husband's brothers, Robert, left, and Ted as casket is lowered to grave site.

UPI Wirephoto



REMEMBRANCE -Mrs. Kennedy, grief showing in her veiled face, is handed the American Flag that covered her husband's casket on journey to the grave.

UPI Wirephoto

### Eternal Light to Burn at John F. Kennedy's Tomb in Arlington

ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY (UPI)—America buried John Fitzgerald Kennedy on Arlington's green slopes today, consigning his body to the land he loved and his soul to the God he worshiped.

After the last rites of a funeral Mass that broke the composure of his grieving widow, the martyred President was borne across the Potomac River to the national shrine of honored dead.

There, before the stricken family and before foreign presidents and princes, he found his final rest. An eternal light will burn at the tomb looking out on the Lincoln Memorial.

An estimated 800,000 hushed mourners lined the streets to pay their respects as the slain President was

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brought from the Capitol to the White House, from there to St. Matthew's Cathedral, and at last to the still green cemetery.

#### Heads of State

Joining the family and all America in its grief were kings, presidents, ministers and princes from nearly every country of the world, Communist as well as free, from Charles de Gaulle of France to Anastas Mikoyan of Russia.

At the grave site, the farewell of "Taps" mourning across the Virginia countryside and the crash of rifle volleys in final salute climaxed a day of sounds. The sounds, above all, convinced those who had refused to believe the young President was dead.

There had been the dirges . . . the muffled drums . . . the sad skirling of bagpipes . . . creaking caisson wheels on hushed streets . . . the cadenced march of military men . . . the sobs of mourners.

At one brief point, it became too much for the veiled Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy.

She had seen her husband fall before the sniper's bullet Friday. Thrice she visited his bier at the Capitol. She bore up her children in their grief and on foot Monday led the half-mile procession to the funeral Mass.

#### Moment of Sobbing

It was only at the cathedral that her grief overwhelmed her in public. Upon leaving the Low Pontifical Mass, she suddenly bent forward as though in pain, sobbing into her handkerchief.

Her composure may have been broken by her 5-year-old daughter Caroline. The child began crying inconsolably as she followed her father's casket from the cathedral.

John Jr., whose third birthday fell on this day of grief, broke into cries within the cathedral and was quickly soothed by his mother.

Others wept openly or within.

Under sunny, cloudless skies, but with a chill in the air, the young dead President then was taken across the river and under the trees of Arlington.

#### Cardinal Officiates

There, in sonorous tones, Richard Cardinal Cushing of Boston, who had married "Jack" Kennedy and his beautiful bride 10 years ago, commended his soul to God.

"Let his soul and all the souls of the faithful departed rest in peace," the archbishop prayed.

At the Mass the Cardinal also had offered the reassuring words and promises of the faithful.

"Life is not taken away . . . Life is but changed."

"I am the resurrection and the life; he who believes in Me, even if he die, shall live."

Some of the most moving moments of the service came

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**FOREIGN DIGNITARIES** Among foreign dignitaries greeted by President Johnson in a reception at the State Department following the state funeral

for the late President Kennedy were British Prime Minister Sir Alec Douglas-Home, left, and Prince Philip of England, right, chatting with Dean Rusk. UPI Telephoto

## JOHNSON IN BRIEF TALK TO DE GAULLE

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Pierre Salinger said the reply to Khrushchev was one of "about 60" dispatched by Mr. Johnson in response to messages of condolence from heads of state and chiefs of government who were unable to come to Washington. In addition to voicing thanks, he said, each of the messages reaffirmed U.S. policy in specific terms applicable to the individual countries.

The President also received some thirty governors who came to Washington for the state funeral. He expressed his appreciation of their attendance and asked for their support in the trying months of transition ahead.

### Economic Talks

Immediately thereafter, he called in the administration's fiscal chiefs for a discussion of the economic situation and the shape of the fiscal 1965 budget he must submit to Congress in January.

Attending this meeting were Secretary of the Treasury Douglas Dillon; Walter W. Heller, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors, and Budget Director Kermit Gordon.

Both meetings, but especially the economic conference, appeared likely to figure in Mr. Johnson's preparations for the address which he plans to deliver Wednesday before a joint session of Congress.

It will be the new President's first public statement of policy since his tragic accession to power.

In a special message to all members of the armed forces, the President cited the Constitution's provisions for orderly transition of power and wrote: "In the transition brought upon us by tragedy, there is no interruption in

the continuity of that commitment to strength, steadfastness and selfless sacrifice which has kept us free and the world at peace."

Mr. Johnson assured the men in uniform that "the policies and purposes of your country are unchanged and unchangeable in seeking honorable peace, the friendship and alliance of free nations and the building of a responsible world free of the causes of hatred, division, oppression and human despair."

Mr. Kennedy, the President said, "knew war and hated it" and "will be remembered and honored forevermore for his valor and courage in serving that cause of peace which you serve in your faithful vigil for freedom."

The new President is expected to transfer his headquarters soon, probably today, from the cramped Executive Office Building suite that was assigned to him as a "downtown office" in the Vice Presidency. He will move to the Oval Room in the White House west wing used as an office by Mr. Kennedy and his predecessors since President Theodore Roosevelt.

### Room Stands Bare

The Oval Room now stands bare and impersonal, stripped of the ship models and paintings and other memorabilia that stamped it with the Kennedy personality.

Equally bare is the outer office that was occupied by Mr. Kennedy's personal secretary, Mrs. Evelyn N. Lincoln. The most striking feature of Mrs. Lincoln's white-walled office is a new blood-red carpet which was laid down while the late President was out of town on the fatal trip to Texas that ended Friday with his assassination in Dallas.



**AT RECEPTION** French President, Charles de Gaulle, left, chats with Mrs. Lyndon B. Johnson at a State Department reception following Kennedy funeral. (U Wirephoto)